Amendments to the Claims:

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

- (original) A method of inducing a stem cell to undergo osteogenic differentiation comprising:
 - (a) providing a stem cell; and
 - (b) contacting said stem cell with at least one factor produced by a metastatic prostate cancer cell under conditions supporting growth of said stem cell,

whereby said factor induces said stem cell to become an osteoprogenitor cell, a preosteoblast, or an osteoblast.

- (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said stem cell is a mesenchymal stem cell, a
 hematopoietic stem cell, an embryonic stem cell, a tissue stem cell, or an embryonic
 carcinoma cell.
- (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said factor is derived from a metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium.
- (original) The method of claim 3, wherein said stem cell is contacted with metastatic prostate cell condition medium.
- (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said osteoblast further produces tissue-like aggregates.
- 6. (original) The method of claim 5, wherein said tissue-like aggregates form bone matrix.
- 7. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said stem cell is located in a subject.
- (original) The method of claim 7, wherein said subject suffers from bone loss, bone damage, or bone destructive disease.

- (original) The method of claim 8, wherein said bone destructive disease is osteoporosis, secondary osteoporosis, osteolytic bone cancer, Paget's Disease, endocrinological disorders, hypophsophatemia, hypocalcemia, renal osteodystrophy, hypoparathyroidism, hyperparathyroidism, or osteomalacia.
- (original) The method of claim 1, further comprising contacting said stem cell with an additional osteogenic factor.
- (original) A composition comprising medium condition by growth of a metastatic prostate cancer cell therein.
- (original) A protein factor obtained from metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium that induces stems cells to differentiate into osteoblasts.
- (original) A method of obtaining a protein factor produced by a metastatic prostate cancer cell, wherein said factor induces stems cells to differentiate into osteoblasts, comprising:
 - (a) obtaining metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium; and
 - (b) separating protein and non-protein components of said medium.
- (original) A heat-labile protein factor obtained from a metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium that induces ex vivo bone formation by osteoblasts.
- (original) A method of obtaining a protein factor produced by a metastatic prostate cancer cell, wherein said factor induces ex vivo bone formation by osteoblasts, comprising:
 - (a) obtaining metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium; and
 - (b) separating protein and non-protein components of said medium.
- 16. (original) A method of inducing an osteoblast to form bone comprising:
 - (a) providing an osteoblast; and
 - (b) contacting said stem cell with at least one factor produced by a metastatic prostate cancer cell under conditions supporting growth of said osteoblast,

- whereby said osteoblast produces bone.
- 17. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said factor is derived from a metastatic prostate cancer cell conditioned medium.
- (original) The method of claim 17, wherein said osteoblast is contacted with metastatic prostate cell condition medium.
- 19. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein said osteoblast is located in a subject.
- 20. (original) The method of claim 17, wherein said osteoblast is not located in a subject.
- (original) The method of claim 20, wherein said subject suffers from bone loss, bone damage, or bone destructive disease.
- 22. (original) The method of claim 21, wherein said bone destructive disease is osteoporosis, secondary osteoporosis, osteolytic bone cancer, Paget's Disease, endocrinological disorders, hypophsophatemia, hypocalcemia, renal osteodystrophy, hypoparathyroidism, hyperparathyroidism, or osteomalacia.
- (original) The method of claim 16, further comprising contacting said osteoblast with an additional osteogenic factor.

24.-30. (cancelled)